Day 1:

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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 1 | harangue  (həˈraNG) (হের‍্যাংঙ্গ) | বাগাড়ম্বরপূর্ণ বক্তৃতা ;  Tirade (টাইরেইড) = সুদীর্ঘ বক্তৃতা; rant = বড়াই;  (n) lengthy and aggressive speech; a long pompous (জাঁকজমকপূর্ণ) speech; a tirade ; a loud bombastic declamation (অলঙ্কারপুর্ণ আবৃত্তি) expressed with strong emotion  (v) lecture (someone) at length in an aggressive and critical manner. বাগাড়ম্বরপূর্ণ বক্তৃতা দেত্তয়া |  |
| 2 | gregarious  (griˈge(ə)rēəs) (গ্রেগারিয়াস)  (adj.) | (adj.) সঙ্গলিপ্সু; যূথচর ;  outgoing; sociable;  (of a person) fond of company; sociable. ;  instinctively or temperamentally seeking and enjoying the company of others. ;  (of animals) tending to form a group with others of the same species;  (of plants) growing in groups that are close together |  |
| 3 | disinterested (adj.) | **পক্ষপাতশূন্য; নিরপেক্ষ;** নির্লিপ্ত; অনিচ্ছুক;  unbiased; neutral;  (Adj.) 1 not influenced by considerations of personal advantage. ; unaffected by self-interest;  2 having or feeling no interest in something. |  |
| 4 | castigate  (v) | **কড়া সমালোচনা করা**; শাস্তি দেত্তয়া; (v)  (v) to reprimand (তর্জন করা) harshly; reprimand (someone) severely. |  |
| 5 | upbraid (v) | **ভর্ত্সনা করা;** তিরস্কার করা; নিন্দা করা;  (v) find fault with (someone); scold. ; to reproach (ভর্ত্সনা; নিন্দা); to scold |  |
| 6 | qualify | verb: 1 to make less severe; to limit (a statement) সীমাবদ্ধ করা;  make (a statement or assertion (বিবৃতি) ) less absolute; add reservations to.  different meaning যোগ্যতা; যোগ্য হত্তয়া (v) |  |
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| 7 | venality (ভিনালিটি) (n) | ঘুষ প্রদান;  (n) the condition of being susceptible to bribes or corruption  venal = (adj.) showing or motivated by susceptibility to bribery. অর্থের বিনিময়ে অন্যায়ভাবে কাজ করিতে ইচ্ছুক; |  |
| 8 | enervate | শক্তিহীন করা;   verb: to sap energy from. Sap = (প্রাণরস শুষিয়া লত্তয়া) (v) weaken mentally or morally; |  |
| 9 | censure (ˈsenSHər)(সেনসিওর) | (n) নিন্দা; **condemnation**, criticism; harsh **criticism or disapproval অস্বীর্কতি দেওয়া;**  (v) **নিন্দা করা** ; ভর্ত্সনা করা; criminate, reprimand  (n) the expression of formal disapproval. (v) verb: to express strong disapproval |  |
| 10 | demur (ডিমার ; ডিমুর) | গম্ভীর করা; সংকোচ (constriction) ; **দ্বিধা করা;** **অনিচ্ছা প্রকাশ করা;**   (v) raise doubts or objections or show reluctance. |  |
| 11 | vindicate  (ˈvindəˌkāt)(ভিন্ডিকেইট)  (v) | **সত্যতা প্রতিপাদন করা;** খাড়া করা; প্রতিষ্ঠিত করা;  Syn. Justify, acquit, clear;  *verb:* to clear of accusation, blame, suspicion, or doubt with supporting arguments or proof;  clear (someone) of blame or suspicion;  vindicated = freed from any question of guilty. |  |
| 12 | artful  (adj.) | **দক্ষ; কৌশলী;** sly, crafty, cunning, wily, scheming, devious  *adjective:* 1exhibiting artistic skill  *adjective:* 2clever in a cunning (ধূর্ত) way  *adjective*  (of a person or action) clever or skillful, typically in a crafty or cunning way. |  |
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| 13 | calumny  (ˈkaləmnē)(কালাম্‌নি)  (n) | **অপবাদ**; দুর্নাম;  *Syn.* slander, aspersion, obloquy  *noun:* making of a false statement meant to injure a person’s reputation  *noun:* the making of false and defamatory statements in order to damage someone's reputation; slander.  *Noun:* a false accusation of an offense or a malicious misrepresentation of someone's words or actions |  |
| 14 | amenable  (adj.) | **এক্তিয়ারভুক্ত;** নমনীয়; কর্তব্যপরায়ণ; নম্র; সহজে অভিভূত;  *adjective:* easily persuaded (প্ররোচক)  *adjective:* (of a person) open and responsive to suggestion; easily persuaded or controlled. |  |
| 15 | profligate  (adj.)(n) | লক্ষ্মীছাড়া; **অপব্যয়ী**; লম্পট;  *Syn.* wasteful, extravagant(অসংযত), spendthrift (অপব্যয়ী লোক)  *adjective:* spending resources recklessly or wastefully  *noun:* someone who spends resources recklessly or wastefully *noun:* a licentious, dissolute person. |  |
| 16 | egregious  (iˈgrējəs)(এগ্রিজাস)  (adj.) | **গুরুতর খারাপ; মর্মান্তিক; কুখ্যাত;**  *adjective:* standing out in negative way; shockingly bad  *adjective:* outstandingly bad; shocking.  synonyms: shocking, appalling, terrible, awful, horrendous | The dictator’s abuse of human rights was so egregious that many world leaders demanded that he be tried in an international court for genocide. |
| 17 | prodigal  (ˈprädigəl)(প্রডিগাল)  (adj.)(n) | **অপচয়ী**  ***adjective:*** rashly or wastefully extravagant *adjective:* spending money or resources freely and recklessly; wastefully extravagant.  *noun:* a person who spends money in a recklessly extravagant way. | Successful professional athletes who do not fall prey to prodigality seem to be the exception—most live decadent lives. |

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| 18 | chastise  (CHasˈtīz)(চেষ্টাইজ) (v) | কঠোর তিরষ্কার করা; শাস্তি দেওয়া; তাড়ন করা  *verb:* to reprimand harshly  *verb:* rebuke or reprimand severely. | *Though****chastised****for eating the snacks for the party, Lawrence shrugged off his mother’s harsh words, and continued to plow through jars of cookies and boxes of donuts.*  “She chastised him for his insensitive remarks” |
| 19 | laconic  (ləˈkänik)(লেকনিক) (adj.) | স্বল্পবাক; সংক্ষিপ্ত;  adjective: one who says very few words  adj. (of a person, speech, or style of writing) using very few words.  *synonyms:* brief, concise, terse | *While Martha always swooned over the hunky,****laconic****types in romantic comedies, her boyfriends inevitably were very talkative—and not very hunky.* |
| 20 | betray  (biˈtrā)(বিট্রে)  (v) | বিশ্বাসঘাতকতা করা; ফাঁস করিয়া দেত্তয়া; গুপ্তরহস্য প্রকাশ করা; প্রতারনা করা;  *verb:* to reveal or make known something, usually unintentionally *verb:* expose (one's country, a group, or a person) to danger by treacherously (বিশ্বাসঘাতকতা) giving information to an enemy. | *With the gold medal at stake, the gymnast awaited his turn, his quivering lip****betraying****his intense emotions.* |
| 21 | frugal (ˈfro͞ogəl)(ফ্রুগাল) (adj,) | **মিতব্যয়ী**; হিসাবী কিন্তু কৃপন না;   ***Syn.*** economical, frugal, forehand, sparing, canny, thrifty, parsimonious  ***adjective:*** not spending much money (but spending wisely) ***adjective:*** sparing or economical with regard to money or food. | *Monte was no miser (কৃপণ), but was simply****frugal****, wisely spending the little that he earned.*  *miser = কৃপন* |
| 22 | amorphous  (əˈmôrfəs)(অ্যামোরফ্যাস) (adj.) | **নিরাকার;** নির্দিষ্ট আকার শূন্য;  ***Syn.*** formless, unformed  ***adjective:*** shapeless  ***adjective:*** without a clearly defined shape or form. | *His study plan for the GRE was at best****amorphous****; he would do questions from random pages in any one of seven test prep books.* |
| 23 | galvanize  (ˈgalvəˌnīz)() (v) | ***verb:*** to excite or inspire (someone) to action  ***verb:*** 1shock or excite (someone), typically into taking action. 2coat (iron or steel) with a protective layer of zinc. electrify ; | "the urgency (গরজ;তাড়া) of his voice galvanized them into action" |

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| 24 | mercurial (mərˌkyo͝orēəl) (মারকিউরিয়াল)  (adj.) | তত্পর;  ***adjective:*** (of a person) prone to unexpected and unpredictable changes in mood  ***adjective:*** 1(of a person) subject to sudden or unpredictable changes of mood or mind.  2of or containing the element mercury. | *The fact that Ella’s moods were as****mercurial****as the weather was problematic for her relationships—it didn’t help that she lived in Chicago.* |
| 25 | veracious  (vəˈrāSHəs)(ভেরেসাছ) (adj.) | সত্যপরায়ণ; সত্যাবাদী;  ***Syn.*** truthful; honest   ***adjective:*** truthful  ***adjective:*** speaking or representing the truth. | *While we elect our leaders in the hope that every word they speak will be****veracious****, history has shown that such a hope is naive.* |
| 26 | extant (ekˈstant)() (adj.) | অদ্যাপি বর্তমান;   ***adjective:*** still in existence (usually refers to documents).  ***adjective:*** (especially of a document) still in existence; surviving. | *Despite many bookstores closing, experts predict that some form of book dealing will still be****extant****generations from now.* |
| 27 | aberration  (abəˈrāSHən)(এবারেইশন) (n) | স্খলন ; বিপথগমন ; নীতিভ্রংশ;   ***Syn.*** Anomaly (ব্যতিক্রম, ব্যত্যয়), deviance (বক্রতা), distortion ***noun:*** a deviation (পথভ্রষ্টতা) from what is normal or expected ***noun:*** a departure from what is normal, usual, or expected, typically one that is unwelcome. | \*\*\*An aberration is something that is not very typical at all. An example of an aberration is when the temperature hits 90 degrees in January — it's nice and warm, but it's really strange. |
| 28 | ingenuous (inˈjenyo͞oəs) (ইনজেনিউয়াস) (adj.) | মনখোলা; সরল অকপট; অকৃত্রিম; সাধাসিধে;   ***Syn.*** naïve (সাধাসিধা), innocent, artless ***adjective:***to be naïve and innocent  ***adjective:*** (of a person or action) innocent and unsuspecting. | *Two-years in Manhattan had changed Jenna from an****ingenuous****girl from the suburbs to a jaded urbanite, unlikely to fall for any ruse, regardless of how elaborate.* |
| 29 | prevaricate (priˈvariˌkāt) (প্রিভারিকেইট) (v) | কৌশলে সত্যকে এড়াইয়া যাওয়া;  ***verb:*** to speak in an evasive way ***verb:*** speak or act in an evasive way.  evasive (এভেইসিভ) = ছলনাময়; অসরল; | *The cynic quipped, “There is not much variance in politicians; they all seem to* ***prevaricate****”.* |

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| 30 | equivocal (iˈkwivəkəl) (ইকুইভুকাল) (adj.) | সন্দেহপূর্ন; সন্দেহজনক; দ্ব্যর্থযুক্ত;  ***Syn.*** ambiguous ; suspicious;  ***adjective:*** confusing or ambiguous  ***adjective:*** open to more than one interpretation; ambiguous.  ambiguous (এম্বিগিউয়াস) = সন্দেহজনক;  unequivocal = দ্ব্যর্থহীন; স্পষ্ঠ; পরিষ্কার; | *The findings of the study were****equivocal****—the two researchers had different opinions on what the results signified (জ্ঞাপিত).* |
| 31 | amalgam  (əˈmalgəm)(এমাল্‌গাম) (n) | **মিশ্রণ;** সংযোগ  ***Syn.*** composition, mixture, mix  ***noun:*** a mixture of multiple things;  a mixture or blend.; |  |
| 32 | ambiguous (amˈbigyo͞oəs)(এম্বিগিউয়াস)  (adj) | দ্ব্যর্থক; **সন্দেহজনক**; অনিশ্চিত;  ***adjective:*** open to more than one interpretation ***adjective:*** (of language) open to more than one interpretation; having a double meaning. |  |
| 33 | parsimonious (ˌpärsəˈmōnēəs) (পারসিমনিয়াস) (adj.) | **মিতব্যয়ী; কৃপণতাপূর্ণ;**  ***Syn.*** cheap, miserly, stingy, frugal  ***adjective:*** extremely frugal; miserly  ***adjective:*** unwilling to spend money or use resources; stingy (বখিল, কিপ্টে) or frugal. | *Katie is so****parsimonious****that she only buys a pair of socks if all of her other socks have holes in them.* |
| 34 | belie (biˈlī)(বিলাই) (v) | **মিথ্যা বর্ণনা প্রদান করা;   *Syn.*** contradict, negate, misrepresent ***verb:*** to give a false representation to; misrepresent  ***verb:*** (of an appearance) fail to give a true notion or impression of (something); disguise or contradict. | *The smile on her face****belies****the pain she must feel after the death of her husband.* |
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| 35 | innocuous (iˈnäkyo͞oəs) (ইনোকিউয়াস , এনোকিউয়াস) (adj.) | নির্দোষ; **ক্ষতি করে না এমন**  ***Syn.*** harmless, safe, nontoxic, innocent, innoxious (এনকশাস) = ক্ষতি করে না এমন;  ***adjective:*** harmless and doesn’t produce any ill effects ***adjective:*** not harmful or offensive. | *Everyone found Nancy’s banter****innocuous****—except for Mike, who felt like she was intentionally picking on him.* |
| 36 | involved (inˈvälvd)(ইনভল্ভড) (adj.) | GRE meaning -- বুঝতে জটিল;  ***adjective:*** complicated, and difficult to comprehend;  difficult to comprehend; complicated.  General meaning--  **জড়িত; সংশ্লিষ্ট;**  ***adjective***: connected or concerned with someone or something, typically on an emotional or personal level. | *The physics lecture became so****involved****that the undergraduate’s eyes glazed over.* |
| 37 | wanting  ()()  (adj.) | **অনুপস্থিত; ঘাটতিযুক্ত;**   ***Syn.*** deficient, inadequate, lacking, insufficient, imperfect, absent, lacking  ***adjective:*** lacking ***adjective:*** lacking in a certain required or necessary quality. | *She did not think her vocabulary was****wanting****, yet there were so many words that inevitably she found a few she didn't know.* |
| 38 | acrimony  (ˈakrəˌmōnē) (একরেমনি, একরমনি) (n) | মেজাজের রুক্ষতা; মেজাজ আচরণ ভাষা প্রভৃতির রুক্ষতা;   ***Syn.*** bitterness, anger  ***noun:*** bitterness and ill will  ***noun:*** bitterness or ill feeling. | *The****acrimony****between the president and vice-president sent a clear signal to voters: the health of the current administration was imperiled (*বিপন্ন, অপদগ্রস্ত). |
| 39 | impertinent  (imˈpərtnənt)(ইমপারটিনেন্ট) (adj.) | **1 শিষ্টাচারহীন;** বেহায়া; নির্লজ্জ; **2 অপ্রাসঙ্গিক;**  ***adjective:*** 1 being disrespectful; 2 improperly forward or bold ***adjective:*** 1 not showing proper respect; rude.  2 not pertinent to a particular matter; irrelevant. | Dexter, distraught over losing his pet dachshund, Madeline, found the police officer’s questions **impertinent**—after all, he thought, did she have to pry into such details as to what Madeline’s favorite snack was?  distraught (ডিস্ট্রোট) = বিক্ষিপ্ত, খেপা, ক্ষিপ্ত;  dachshund = শিকারী কুকুরবিসেয;  pry = inquire too closely into a person's private affairs. |

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| 40 | iconoclast (īˈkänəˌklast)(আইকোনোকাল্সট) (n) | প্রতিমাচূর্ণকারী; সংস্কারের আক্রমণকারী ***Syn.*** critic, skeptic, heretic, unbeliever  ***noun:*** somebody who attacks cherished beliefs or institutions ***noun:*** a person who attacks cherished beliefs or institutions. | *Lady Gaga, in challenging what it means to be clothed, is an****iconoclast****for wearing a "meat dress" to a prominent awards show.* |
| 41 | anomalous (əˈnämələs)(এনোমালাস) (adj.) | **ব্যতিক্রমী**; বিশৃঙ্খল; বিসদৃশ; অসংগতিপূর্ন, **নিয়মবহির্ভূত** ***Syn.*** abnormal, atypical, irregular, aberrant, unusual  ***adjective:*** not normal ***adjective:*** deviating from what is standard, normal, or expected. | *According to those who do not believe in climate change, the extreme weather over the last five years is simply****anomalous****—daily temperatures should return to their old averages, they believe.* |
| 42 | ambivalent (amˈbivələnt)(এমভিভেলেন্ট) (adj.) | **দ্বিধান্বিত**; পরষ্পরবিরোধী;   ***adjective:*** mixed or conflicting emotions about something ***adjective:*** having mixed feelings or contradictory ideas about something or someone. ambivalence [n] = দ্বিধা; বিরোধ; | *Sam was****ambivalent****about studying for the exam because doing so ate up (সম্পূর্ণ খাইয়া)a lot of his time, yet he was able to improve his analytical skills.* |
| 43 | restive  (ˈrestiv)(রেস্টিভ) (adj.) | **অশান্ত; অস্থির;**  **adjective:** restless ***adjective:*** (of a person) unable to keep still or silent and becoming increasingly difficult to control, especially because of impatience, dissatisfaction, or boredom. | *The crowd grew****restive****as the comedian’s opening jokes fell flat.* |
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| 44 | parochial (pəˈrōkēəl)(প্যারোকিয়ার. **পরকিয়াল**) (adj.) | সংকীর্ণ মনা;  ***Syn.*** narrow-minded, small-minded  ***adjective:*** narrowly restricted in scope (উদ্দেশ্য) or outlook (দৃষ্টিভঙ্গী)  fledgling(ফ্লেজলিং) = অনভিজ্ঞলোক  culinary (কালিনারি) = রন্ধনসম্পর্কীয়; quipped (কোয়েপ্ট) = সরস জবাব দেত্তয়া  trivial (থ্রিভিয়াল) = তুচ্ছ; | *Jasmine was sad to admit it, but her fledgling relationship with Jacob did not work out because his culinary tastes were simply too****parochial****; "After all," she quipped on her blog, "he considered Chef Boyardee ethnic food."* |
| 45 | auspicious (ôˈspiSHəs)(ওসপিশাস) (adj.) | সুপ্রসন্ন; **শুভ**; অনুকূল; **মঙ্গলজনক**;   ***adjective:*** favorable, the opposite of sinister (অশুভ) ***adjective:*** conducive (সহায়ক) to success; favorable.  mishap (মিসহেপ) [n] = দুর্ঘটনা; stranded [adj.]= অসহায়; wreck = ধ্বংস করা; সর্বনাশ করা | *Despite an****auspicious****beginning, Mike’s road trip became a series of mishaps, and he was soon stranded and penniless, leaning against his wrecked automobile.* |
| 46 | commensurate (kəˈmensərət)(কমেনসেরেট) (adj.) | তুল্য, সমান , সমানুপাতিক  ***Syn.*** equivalent, equal, corresponding, comparable  ***adjective:*** to be in proportion or corresponding in degree or amount ***adjective***: corresponding(অনুরূপ) in size or degree; in proportion. | *The convicted felon’s life sentence was****commensurate****to the heinousness of his crime.*  heinous = জঘন্য; |
| 47 | undermine ()() (v) | 1ভিত্তি দুর্বল করে দেওয়া; 2মাটির নিচে গর্ত বা সুড়ঙ্গ কাটা;   *verb:* to weaken (usually paired with an abstract term) ***verb:*** 1damage or weaken (someone or something), especially gradually or insidiously. 2erode the base or foundation of (a rock formation). | *The student****undermined****the teacher’s authority by questioning the teacher’s judgment on numerous occasions.* |

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| **SN** | **Word** | **Meaning** | **Example** |
| 48 | venerate ()() (v) | **শ্রদ্ধা করা;**  ***verb:*** to respect deeply ***verb:*** regard with great respect; revere.   induce = প্রণোদিত করা; রাজি করানো; পরোচিত করা; | *The professor, despite his sleep-inducing lectures, was****venerated****amongst his colleagues, publishing more papers yearly than all of his peers combined.* |
| 49 | intimate (ˈintəˌmāt)(ইন্টিমেট) (v,adj,n) | 1. ইঙ্গিত দেওয়া, অবগত করানো; জ্ঞাপন করা ***verb:*** to suggest something subtly ***verb:*** imply (অর্থপ্রকাশ করা) or hint. 2. অন্তরঙ্গ; ঘনিষ্ট;  ***adjective:*** closely acquainted; familiar, close. ***noun:*** a very close friend. | *At first Manfred’s teachers****intimated****to his parents that he was not suited to skip a grade; when his parents protested, teachers explicitly told them that, notwithstanding the boy’s precocity, he was simply too immature to jump to the 6th grade.* |
| 50 | Magoosh (n) | **noun:** An online GRE prep product used by tens of thousands of students worldwide. Learn more at http://gre.magoosh.com | *After using****Magoosh****, Tom improved his GRE score by 8 points and was then admitted into UC Berkeley.* |
| 51 | maintain ()() (v) | 1. প্রমান সহ জাহির করা; **জাহির করা**;  verb: to assert verb: state something strongly to be the case; assert. 2. বজায় রাখা; বহাল রাখা; ***verb:*** cause or enable (a condition or state of affairs) to continue. 3. প্রতিপালন করা; ***verb:*** provide with necessities for life or existence. **verb:** to assert   assert [v] = জাহির করা; প্রমান করা; দাবি করা;  ***verb:*** state a fact or belief confidently and forcefully. | *The scientist****maintained****that the extinction of dinosaurs was most likely brought about by a drastic change in climate.* |
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